

Faster issue resolution thanks to mobile replay

How to find and fix problems under pressure

Time is money, especially if you are losing money by the minute.

This is the situation a company might face if customer-facing purchasing or payment systems are interrupted. Every minute of system downtime or reduced performance can mean lost revenue, frustrated customers, and missed opportunities.

Imagine yourself in this position as a manager or developer responsible for your company's mobile app when the high-priority tickets from the Call Center start coming in with complaints of the app failing in use, preventing customers from completing their online orders. The company is losing business by the minute. You need to find and resolve the problem quickly.

The best way for you to understand the problem that customers are encountering is to be in a position to watch the action unfold as the customer runs into trouble. You'd like to be able to look over the customer's shoulder when the problem occurs. Experience Analytics (Tealeaf) gives you that ability. So, you log into your Experience Analytics account to investigate.

Find the problem

The urgent support tickets mention that customers found that the app stopped working when they tapped to complete a purchase. The app appeared to stop running. It's possible that something is causing the app to crash. You are certain that the information that you need to resolve the problem is in the stream of data about the customer interaction that Experience Analytics captures. You simply need to find it.

In Experience Analytics, sessions are the basis for evaluating the visitor's experience. A session is a single beginning-to-end user interaction that captures the requests and responses between the user and a website or mobile application. You'll want to look at sessions where the app crashes.

Because you are tracking interactions mobile users, your Experience Analytics installation must include Experience Analytics cxMobile and the mobile app must implement the Experience Analytics SDKs for Android and iOS. The mobile SDKs capture data about user interactions with your mobile app, including information about the state and behavior of the app and the client at each step. It sends the data in JSON format back to Experience Analytic servers installed in your network in a series of HTTP POST requests. The posts can include multiple message types for its communication with the Experience Analytic servers in your installation. Each message has its own JSON structure.

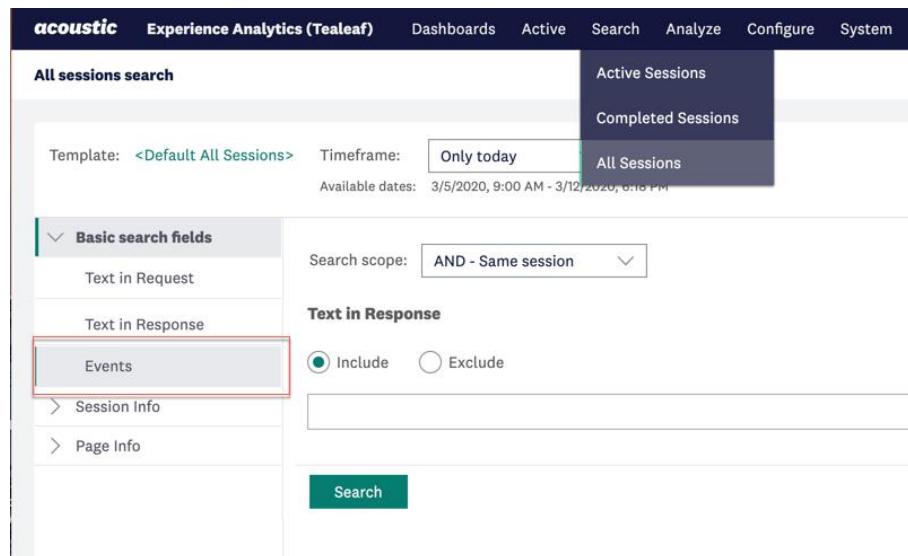
You are particularly interested in Message type 6, which is used to pass information about captured errors and uncaught exceptions that occur in your mobile app.

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Experience Analytics comes with a set of events that capture the data that is generated from user actions on the mobile app. The data that is captured can then be used as the basis for building other event objects that track specific scenarios of visitor interactions with your mobile app. One of these standard mobile events is the **Exception** event, which is used to track general exceptions, those anomalous or exceptional conditions that can interrupt the normal operation of your mobile app.

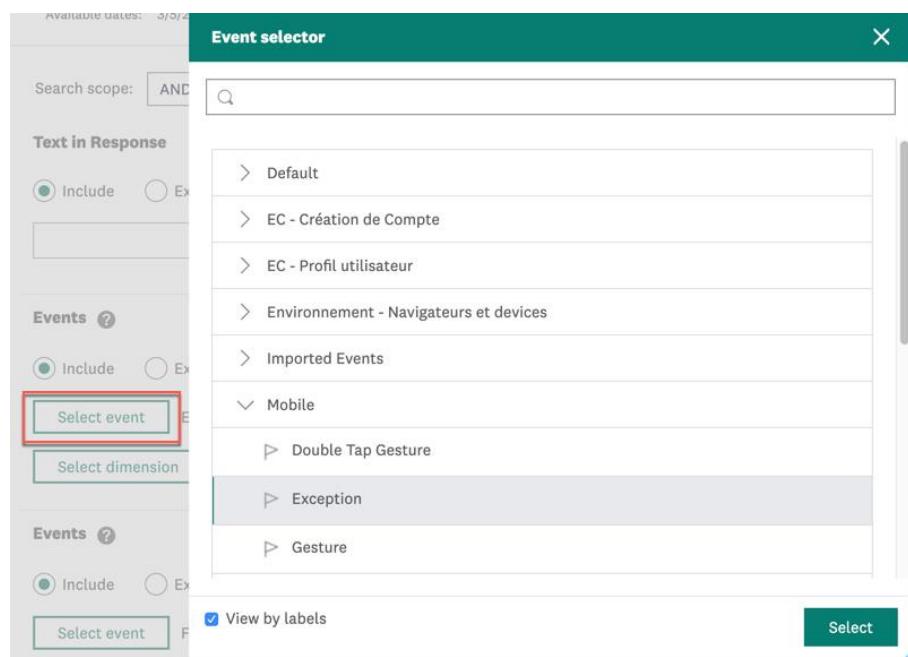
Now you know what you are looking for. You need to find user sessions where the Exception event fires and sends a Type 6 message back to Experience Analytics. Your investigation starts in the Experience Analytics portal, the central user interface.

In the portal, open the Search menu and select **All Sessions**. Search by event type.



The screenshot shows the Experience Analytics (Tealeaf) interface. The top navigation bar includes 'acoustic', 'Experience Analytics (Tealeaf)', 'Dashboards', 'Active', 'Search', 'Analyze', 'Configure', and 'System'. The 'Search' menu is open, with 'All Sessions' highlighted. The main search area is titled 'All sessions search' and includes fields for 'Template' (set to '<Default All Sessions>'), 'Timeframe' (set to 'Only today'), and 'Available dates' (set to '3/5/2020, 9:00 AM - 3/12/2020, 6:18 PM'). The search form is divided into 'Basic search fields' and 'Text in Response'. Under 'Text in Response', the 'Events' field is selected and highlighted with a red box. The 'Search scope' dropdown is set to 'AND - Same session'. Below the search form is a 'Search' button.

Open the Mobile events category, select **Exception**, and run the search to find sessions where exceptions occurred.



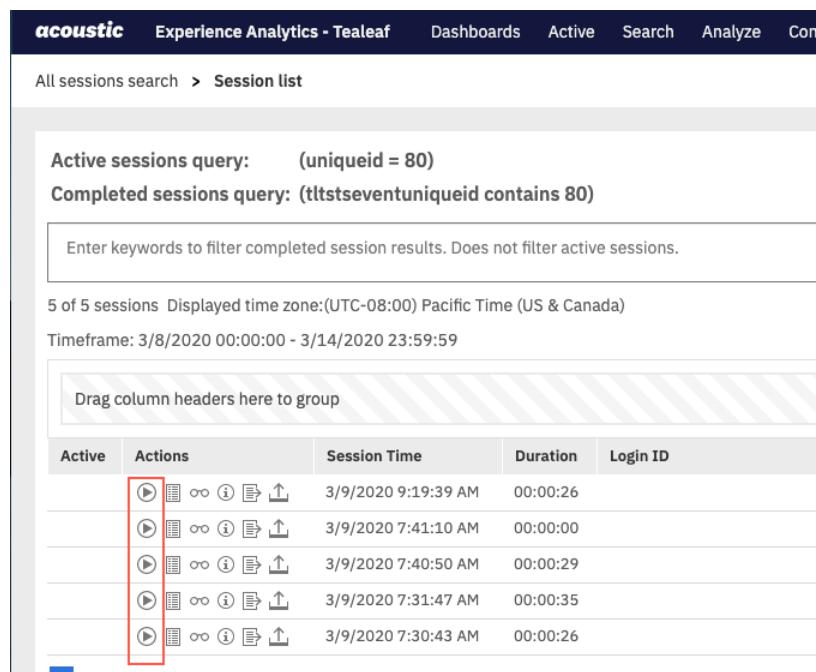
The screenshot shows the 'Event selector' dialog box. The left sidebar shows 'Search scope' (set to 'AND') and 'Text in Response' (with 'Include' selected). The 'Events' section is expanded, showing 'Mobile' as a category. Under 'Mobile', 'Double Tap Gesture', 'Exception', and 'Gesture' are listed. The 'Exception' category is selected and highlighted with a red box. A 'Select' button is at the bottom right. A 'View by labels' checkbox is checked.

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See the problem in a replay

Next, you want to see what happened, so you replay a session that contains an exception. The replay interface presents a representation of a mobile phone so that you can see the user interaction just as the mobile customer did. The session replays step by step. You can slow down the replay to get a better look at what is going on at each step. You can stop the action at each step to view the web request and the system response. The result is a much better diagnostic tool than a simple page view metric.

In the search results, click replay for the session that you want to view in a browser.

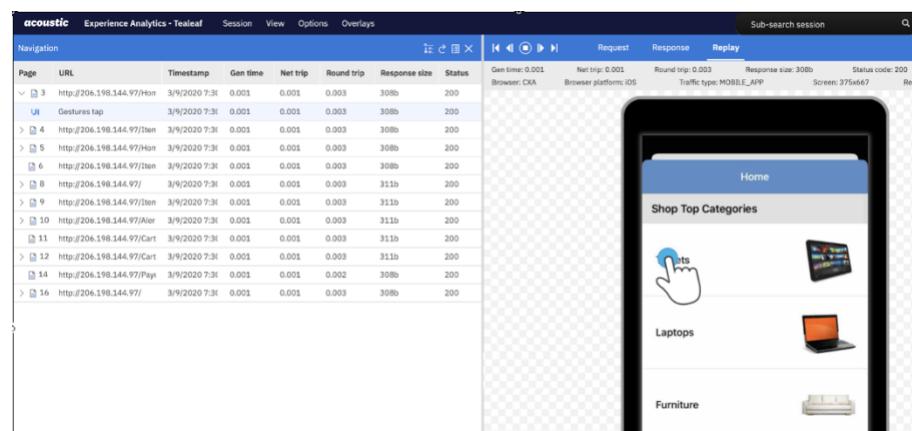


Active	Actions	Session Time	Duration	Login ID
	▶	3/9/2020 9:19:39 AM	00:00:26	
	▶	3/9/2020 7:41:10 AM	00:00:00	
	▶	3/9/2020 7:40:50 AM	00:00:29	
	▶	3/9/2020 7:31:47 AM	00:00:35	
	▶	3/9/2020 7:30:43 AM	00:00:26	

Click the play button for a session and specify a page delay time. You estimate that three seconds per page ought to give you a good view of what the user is doing.

As the replay runs, you watch as the user taps to select a product category, select a product, and put it into the cart. You notice that you can follow each step in the left column as the replay proceeds.

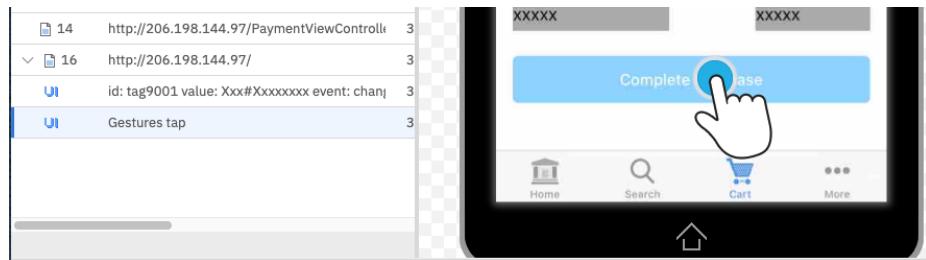
The customer reviews the cart and taps to proceed to check out. So far so good.



Page	URL	Timestamp	Gen time	Net trip	Round trip	Response size	Status
3	http://206.198.144.97/Home	3/9/2020 7:31	0.001	0.001	0.003	308b	200
4	http://206.198.144.97/Item	3/9/2020 7:31	0.001	0.001	0.003	308b	200
5	http://206.198.144.97/Home	3/9/2020 7:31	0.001	0.001	0.003	308b	200
6	http://206.198.144.97/Item	3/9/2020 7:31	0.001	0.001	0.003	308b	200
8	http://206.198.144.97/	3/9/2020 7:31	0.001	0.001	0.003	311b	200
9	http://206.198.144.97/Item	3/9/2020 7:31	0.001	0.001	0.003	311b	200
10	http://206.198.144.97/Alert	3/9/2020 7:31	0.001	0.001	0.003	311b	200
11	http://206.198.144.97/Cart	3/9/2020 7:31	0.001	0.001	0.003	311b	200
12	http://206.198.144.97/Cart	3/9/2020 7:31	0.001	0.001	0.003	311b	200
14	http://206.198.144.97/Pay	3/9/2020 7:31	0.001	0.001	0.002	308b	200
16	http://206.198.144.97/	3/9/2020 7:31	0.001	0.001	0.003	308b	200

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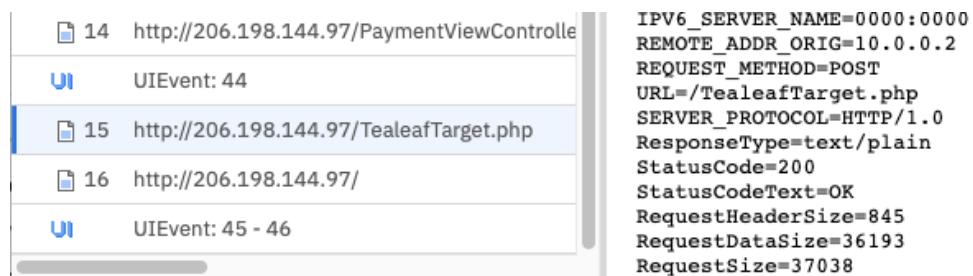
At the checkout, the user taps to complete the purchase. That's when the problem occurs. Nothing happens. Even though the customer taps several times to complete the purchase, the app does not accept the command and the customer cannot proceed.



This appears to be the point of failure. It would be helpful to know what was happening with the app at this moment. Experience Analytics provides that information.

Determine the cause

In the replay interface, the Request tab contains the data that is sent in an HTTP POST request. The data you are looking for should be in the last post sent to the Experience Analytics target page.



To find a type 6 message that would indicate an application failure, you can search the request page for: "type": 6.

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You open the Request tab and search for a Type 6 message. In this case, the search takes you a Type 6 message that indicates that an exception occurred and includes a stack trace to assist in troubleshooting.

```
{  
  "exception": {  
    "unhandled": true,  
    "data": { },  
    "name": "NSRangeException",  
    "description": "*** __boundsFail: index 2 beyond bounds [0 .. 1]",  
    "stackTrace": "(\\n\\t0 CoreFoundation 0x00007fff23c7127e __exceptionPreprocess + 350\\n\\t1 libobjc.A.dylib  
0x00007fff513fb20 objc_exception_throw + 48\\n\\t2 CoreFoundation 0x00007fff23d03ab1 _CFThrowFormattedException +  
194\\n\\t3 CoreFoundation 0x00007fff23d0fa3b __boundsFail + 70\\n\\t4 CoreFoundation 0x00007fff23ce1cf5 -[_NSArrayI  
objectAtIndex:] + 37\\n\\t5 CXA 0x000000010d465426 -[PaymentViewController purchaseItem:] + 1878\\n\\t6 UIKitCore  
0x00007fff48093fff -[UIApplication sendAction:to:from:forEvent:] + 83\\n\\t7 Tealeaf 0x000000010f24a575 -[TLFApplication  
sendAction:to:from:forEvent:] + 1765\\n\\t8 UIKitCore 0x00007fff47a6c00e -[UIControl sendAction:to:forEvent:] + 223\\n\\t9  
UIKitCore 0x00007fff47a6c358 -[UIControl _sendActionsForEvents:withEvent:] + 398\\n\\t10 UIKitCore 0x00007fff47a6b2b7  
-[UIControl touchesEnded:withEvent:] + 481\\n\\t11 UIKitCore 0x00007fff47c33b82 _UIGestureEnvironmentUpdate +  
10042\\n\\t12 UIKitCore 0x00007fff47c3140a -[UIGestureEnvironment _deliverEvent:toGestureRecognizers:usingBlock:] +  
467\\n\\t13 UIKitCore 0x00007fff47c3117f -[UIGestureEnvironment _updateForEvent:window:] + 200\\n\\t14 UIKitCore  
0x00007fff480d04b0 -[UIWindow sendEvent:] + 4574\\n\\t15 UIKitCore 0x00007fff480ab53b -[UIApplication sendEvent:] +  
356\\n\\t16 Tealeaf 0x000000010f2498da -[TLFApplication sendEvent:] + 1674\\n\\t17 UIKitCore 0x00007fff4812c71a  
_dispatchPreprocessedEventFromEventQueue + 6847\\n\\t18 UIKitCore 0x00007fff4812f1e0 __handleEventQueueInternal +  
5980\\n\\t19 CoreFoundation 0x00007fff23bd4471  
__CFRUNLOOP_IS_CALLING_OUT_TO_A_SOURCE0_PERFORM_FUNCTION_ + 17\\n\\t20 CoreFoundation  
0x00007fff23bd439c __CFRunLoopDoSource0 + 76\\n\\t21 CoreFoundation 0x00007fff23bd3b74 __CFRunLoopDoSources0  
+ 180\\n\\t22 CoreFoundation 0x00007fff23bce87f __CFRunLoopRun + 1263\\n\\t23 CoreFoundation 0x00007fff23bce066  
CFRunLoopRunSpecific + 438\\n\\t24 GraphicsServices 0x00007fff384c0bb0 GSEventRunModal + 65\\n\\t25 UIKitCore  
0x00007fff48092d4d UIApplicationMain + 1621\\n\\t26 CXA 0x000000010d489b04 main + 164\\n\\t27 libdyld.dylib  
0x00007fff5227ec25 start + 1\\n)  
  },  
  "fromWeb": false,  
  "offset": 42123,  
  "type": 6,  
  "count": 47,  
  "screenviewOffset": 22456  
}  
],  
"EOCoreSessionID": "560349E8BDB04AE88301BA7558CDAF43"  
}  
],  
"messageVersion": "6.0.0.0",
```

Now you know where to begin to fix the problem.

You're glad that you could find the problem quickly. In this situation, every minute saved is critical. Being able to watch the session and see exactly where the problem occurs is really going to save time as you work on the fix.

Experience Analytics lets you see the entire picture, requests and responses, for individual customer behaviors. Not aggregate reports.

Not just a series of page views. You can capture and review the customer experience so that you can learn from each experience, stay in touch with your customers, and be in a position to help quickly when they need it.